

# Commentaries.

## Grosvenor to the Front.

There is much censure going General Grosvenor's direction now because of his hastily swooping a bill through Congress, appropriating \$100,000 for a post-office building for Athens. After all can he be blamed. Athens is his home town where he owns property, and if he can do anything for his own town, that is his duty. It may not look very good to us who do not live in his town, but we will venture to say that Athens is unanimous in her praise of her distinguished citizen. We would be, if he were of Logan and secured to us such a magnificent building. By-the-way who is there who would not surmise that General Grosvenor is yet a very live candidate for congressman in this district.

## Now For Another Negro Bait.

The appointment of Amor Smith as surveyor of customs at Cincinnati, so far as that city is concerned, removes all possibility for the recognition by the president of that valuable adjunct of the Republican party, the negro vote, and as a result hundreds of hungry and expectant aspirants who had been led to believe that a five thousand dollar snap was within reaching distance must of necessity continue to go hungry. It was cruel in the president to hold the nice ripe watermelon out to them and then, just as they were reaching for a slice, jerk it away and give it to a white man. However, Amor may condescendingly give one or two of the best educated and most highly cultured of the colored applicants jobs as janitor or messenger, and this no doubt will satisfy their noble ambition and enable the Republican party to hold the race in political bondage for at least another decade. Then too, hope is not entirely gone, the president having announced that he may select an office at Toledo for the negro bait.

## A Lesson In Tuberculosis.

Some time ago the Board of Live Stock Commissioners received a request from a dairyman to test two or three cows of his herd composed of twenty-three animals. He stated that these animals coughed and were not doing well.

An officer of the Board visited this farm, made an inspection of the herd and learned the following history:

The owner was an old man and had kept cows on his farm for about forty years, never adding new animals to his herd except its own progeny and occasionally a new bull. During all those years, until March, 1902, he had no serious illness among his cows. Occasionally deaths occurred, but they were always from evident causes, such as milk fever, bloat, accidents, etc.

In March, 1902, he bought two cows at a sale. One of these animals was rather poor, but her condition was attributed to poor feed and care. The other animal seemed to be in good health.

After about three months cow No. 1 died. The exact cause of her death was not ascertained. About six months later cow No. 2 died; cause not ascertained.

During this time several new cows were added to the dairy by purchase, the owner desiring to build up a larger dairy herd.

About six months after the death of cow No. 2 a cow belonging to the original herd ceased doing well, began to cough and died. Within the next two years, at irregular intervals, five additional animals began to fail; they ran down in condition and died.

The owner stated that all of these animals showed the same symptoms and that he believed they all died of the same disease. When the last animal died a veterinarian was called and requested to make a post mortem examination. He pronounced the disease tuberculosis. Three animals of the herd were at that time in an unthrifty condition and the veterinarian advised a tuberculin test on these animals.

The State Board of Live Stock Commissioners was appealed to make the test.

After learning this history the owner was advised to have his entire herd tested, to which he agreed.

The result of the test may be told in few words. Of the twenty-

## Longworth Touched The Bottom.

Those who labor under the belief that Senator Foraker won out as against President Roosevelt in the recent Cincinnati appointments are evidently not familiar with the situation. Roosevelt's son-in-law is a congressman from one of the Cincinnati districts and is by no means anxious to retire from politics, a fate which would surely have overtaken him had the president failed to name the men dictated by the Cox-Dick Foraker machine. Longworth is a beneficiary of the machine and interceded for the machine candidates, just as he persuaded the president not to appoint a negro to a Cincinnati office, and the appointments therefore cannot be regarded in the light of concessions to Foraker.

The real test as to the president's attitude toward Foraker and Dick is furnished by the postoffice appointments at Wapakoneta, in the fourth congressional district, Moser, the senatorial candidate, being flatly turned down and the old postmaster reappointed. There is real political history back of this appointment. Last year when the delegates to the Republican state convention poured into Dayton it was found that the fourth district was in a bad muddle. The senators had to have the committeeman from that district. Moser controlled the Auglaize county delegates and through them held the key to the situation. He refused to support the senatorial candidate for committeeman until both the senators promised and furnished him their indorsement for the Wapakoneta postoffice, and not until these were forthcoming did he deliver the goods. Later the president's attention was called to the unholy compact and, notwithstanding the indorsements of both senators, besides those of the Republican committees and many prominent leaders in the party, Moser was turned down by the president. Many similar deals were entered into by the two senators to gain control of the Dayton convention, but as the offices were located in districts represented by Republican congressmen the president did not interfere. The Wapakoneta incident is certainly sufficient to show that the breach separating the two Ohio senators from the president is just as wide as ever.

three animals then comprising the herd, twenty-two reacted to the test and were pronounced tubercular. Upon being questioned the owner stated that the twenty-third animal, the one that did not react, had been added to the herd just a few weeks before.

Where did the disease originate?

There seems only one possible conclusion; it was introduced with the purchase of the two cows in March, 1902. From that time until the test was made, in the fall of 1905, a period of a little more than three years, a herd that averaged less than twenty-four animals during that time suffered a loss of eight cows through death, three animals evidently sick, and most of the other animals more or less visibly affected with the disease.

After the test all of the reacting cows were destroyed; autopsies held on the carcasses proved the correctness of the diagnosis. All of the condemned animals were appraised, averaging in value thirty-two dollars and twenty-seven cents (\$32.27). We can now figure out, without much trouble, what it cost to have tuberculosis in this herd for a period of three years. Assuming the value of the animals that died to be the same as the average of the herd, eight times thirty-two dollars and twenty-seven cents gives us two hundred and fifty-eight dollars and sixteen cents (\$258.16), in addition to the loss of three animals in an advanced stage of the disease, and the balance of the herd, with the exception of a single animal, infected with tuberculosis. All of this loss could have been avoided had the tuberculin test been resorted to in time.

With a Board of Live Stock Commissioners that will test dairy herds at the expense of the state, thus enabling the owner to detect the disease in its first stages when there is yet a possibility of saving the healthy portion of the herd, and with state laws that provide for liberal compensation for the loss of animals condemned by the Board of Live Stock Commissioners, what excuse has the intelligent dairyman for permitting disease to cut into his profits and to contaminate and make dangerous the milk supply of towns and cities?

The O'Brien-Burns Prize fight pictures at the Opera House, Monday, March 11.

Although the respective admirers of both Philadelphia Jack O'Brien and Tommy Burns say their favorite did not receive a fair deal when referee Jeffries said "draw" at the conclusion of their twenty round bout, the moving pictures do not substantiate these claims. The motion pictures of the fight, which will be shown at the Opera House Monday March 11, will convince almost anybody that Jeffries' decision was just. The first four and the last three rounds easily were O'Brien's; probably a half dozen were even, and the remainder Burns'. On this line of figuring, which was employed by numerous New York sporting writers, but one fair verdict could be given, that of a "draw".

## Notice To Our Customers

We are pleased to announce that Foley's Honey and Tar for coughs, colds and lung troubles is not affected by the National Pure Food and Drug law as it contains no opiates or other harmful drugs, and we recommend it as a safe remedy for children and adults.



Prof. John B. DeMotte

who gives his famous illustrated lecture "The Harp of the Senses."

Friday, March 29th

at the Opera House for the library benefit concluding the lecture course : : : : :

## MANY CHANGES IN CABINET.

Beginning with today, Ohio will have two members of the president's cabinet, William H. Taft, secretary of war, and James R. Garfield, secretary of the interior, the latter, who is three years younger than Secretary Cortelyou, being the youngest cabinet minister. In the reorganized cabinet New York state has three members, and Maryland, Massachusetts, Iowa and California one each. Only two members who served in the cabinet under President McKinley remain, Secretaries Root and Wilson, but Secretary Root has been transferred from the war to the state department since that time. Thus the venerable secretary of agriculture is not only the dean of the cabinet, but he is the only member holding the same portfolio he held in President McKinley's official family.

Secretary Hitchcock, who retires from the interior department and is succeeded by Mr. Garfield, was next to Secretary Wilson in point of continuous service, having entered the cabinet under McKinley in 1899. Secretary Shaw, who also retired yesterday, became the head of the treasury department in 1903. Of the two new members Mr. Garfield is the first son of a former president to become a cabinet officer since the retirement of Robert Lincoln in 1888. He was a member of the Ohio state senate, and under President Roosevelt has been a civil service commissioner and commissioner of the bureau of corporations. Mr. Meyer, the other new member, was a member of the Massachusetts legislature, United States ambassador to Italy until 1905 and later ambassador to Russia.

The new cabinet, which will hold its first meeting today, is: Secretary of state, Elihu Root of New York; secretary of the treasury, George B. Cortelyou of New York; secretary of war, William H. Taft of Ohio; attorney general, Charles J. Bonaparte of Maryland; postmaster general, George von Lengerke Meyer of Massachusetts; secretary of the navy, Victor H. Metcalf of California; secretary of the interior, James R. Garfield of Ohio; secretary of agriculture, James Wilson of Iowa; secretary of commerce and labor, Oscar S. Straus of New York;—Ohio Sun.

## This is Worth Remembering

Whenever you have a cough or cold, just remember that Foley's Honey and Tar will cure it. Do not risk your health by taking any but the genuine. It is in a yellow package. Bort & Co.

## Ohio Pledge-Signing Sunday.

The Ohio Sunday School Association calls upon all Sunday Schools in the State to observe Sunday, March 24, as a Sunday School Temperance Pledge-Signing Day. The lesson for the day is the first quarterly temperance lesson. Every boy and girl in Ohio should be pledged for total abstinence and against the use of intoxicating liquor as a beverage. Full particulars as to how to make the most of the day will be sent to any person applying to the Ohio Sunday School Association, 79 Ruggery Bldg., Columbus, Ohio.

Many pleasing things have been said during the past season by the critics, not only in the larger cities but in the smaller ones as well and where Wood & Ward's production of the "Two Merry Tramps" has been presented the press comments have been most flattering. It is a musical comedy in three acts. The title of the play is somewhat misleading and it is only the title, as from the rise of the curtain on the first act to the finale it is just one of the cleanest, jolliest and liveliest of comedies that has enlivened the musical farce comedy world. Never for an instant does it bring a blush—but instead creates laughter that is irrepressible. This attraction will appear at the Logan Opera House, Friday, March 8.

## FOR DIVORCE AND CHILD

Wife of Dan R. Hanna Files Suit In Cleveland Courts.

## CRUELTY AMONG CHARGES

Superintendent of Cleveland State Hospital Resigns—Wealthy Widow Murdered and House Robbed—Witness Refuses to Answer Questions. General News of Ohio.

Cleveland, O., March 6.—In common pleas court, a suit for divorce was filed by Elizabeth Gordon Hanna, wife of Dan R. Hanna, only son of the late Senator Hanna. Hanna is accused of gross neglect of duty, abandonment and extreme cruelty. Mrs. Hanna asks for divorce, adequate alimony and the custody of her daughter, Elizabeth, age five years. The petition was sworn to before a notary in New York city under date of March 1. The plaintiff is Hanna's second wife, her first husband being Walter DeS. Maud, an Englishman. She was divorced in 1900, and on Feb. 19 of the same year she was married to Dan Hanna. Hanna also has been married twice. His present wife resided in New York city since early last fall. She is the daughter of the late Charles W. Gordon, a millionaire, who bequeathed to the city of Cleveland Gordon park.



DAN HANNA.

Worked in 1900, and on Feb. 19 of the same year she was married to Dan Hanna. Hanna also has been married twice. His present wife resided in New York city since early last fall. She is the daughter of the late Charles W. Gordon, a millionaire, who bequeathed to the city of Cleveland Gordon park.

## Witness Before Court.

Columbus, O., March 6.—Henry C. Lang, Columbus manager of the Cleveland Trinidad Paving company, who was called as a witness before the grand jury which is investigating the charges of alleged bribery in connection with the East Broad street paving contract, refused to answer any questions put to him and was promptly brought before Judge Evans in the criminal court. The grand jury submitted a copy of the questions which Lang had refused to answer to the court, and Judge Evans ruled that the witness must answer the questions or claim his constitutional right. Lang is charged in an affidavit filed in police court with bribing two city officials, and his attorneys contended that if he admitted the questions propounded tended to incriminate him it would prejudice his case.

## "Black Hand Victim."

Canton, O., March 6.—Post-mortem investigation by Acting Coroner Barry developed that the unknown Italian found hanging to a tree four miles from Canton, and who was supposed to have committed suicide, was murdered. The man's skull was fractured and the body was badly bruised. Officers are investigating on the theory that the victim was lured into the vicinity by the "black hand" Italians, murdered, and his body hung to a tree to create the impression he had committed suicide.

## Founder of Silk Company.

Cincinnati, O., March 6.—David Wilson Belding, president and founder of the Belding Silk company, died at his home in this city, aged 75 years. With his brothers he founded the silk business, having extensive factories in Connecticut, Massachusetts, Michigan, California and Canada. Mr. Belding retired from active business four years ago and has been in feeble health for some time, death being due to paralysis.

## Lingafelter's Fate.

Columbus, O., March 6.—The state supreme court overruled the application for a rehearing of the case of J. F. Lingafelter, under sentence to the penitentiary for four years, for wrecking the Homestead Savings bank, of Newark. Lingafelter must serve his term. Lingafelter's wife is awaiting a new trial on the same general charge, while his son is serving a term in the Ohio reformatory at Mansfield.

## Governor of National Home.

Dayton, O., March 6.—Colonel J. H. Thomas, governor of the national home here for soldiers, died at his home. He was connected with this institution since its inception, in the sixties. He was treasurer until 1889, when he succeeded General Patrick as governor.

## Situation at Portsmouth.

Portsmouth, O., March 6.—Hopes for a peaceful settlement of the street railway strike are again entertained. W. B. Fitzgerald of Troy, N. Y., an executive board member of the American Association of Street Railway Employees, who has taken complete charge of the strikers' grievances, and the Retail Merchants' association committee, have reopened negotiations towards adjusting the trouble, and should both fail a mass meeting of business men will be called to devise some plan for ending the present difficulty, which is having a paralyzing effect on business generally.

## Howard Steps Out.

Columbus, O., March 6.—Dr. A. B. Howard, superintendent of the Cleve-

land state hospital, who was here attending the meeting of the superintendents of the various state institutions, confirmed the report that he had tendered his resignation to the board of trustees. The trustees have been considering the appointment of a successor to Dr. Howard, and will probably select some one from the present staff of physicians of the hospital. Dr. C. O. Jaster has been mentioned as the probable choice of the trustees. Dr. Howard's resignation is the outgrowth of the recent investigation of charges of cruelty to patients on the part of attendants at the Cleveland hospital.

## Confesses to Arson.

Bryan, O., March 6.—After paying back all the insurance he received on buildings to which he had hired a man to set fire, James A. Phillips of Williams Center pleaded guilty to charge of arson and Judge Killets sentenced him to 18 months in the penitentiary. The insurance paid back, with interest, amounted to \$1,550. Phillips' residence in Williams Center was destroyed by fire on April 10, 1897, and on the loss he was paid \$1,200. Phillips was at one time infirmity director of Deane county and is wealthy.

## Rich Woman Murdered.

Cleveland, O., March 6.—Mrs. Minnie Sherman, a wealthy widow residing Euclid avenue, was found dead in her home under circumstances pointing to murder. The police are working on the theory that the woman was drugged with poison and robbed. An autopsy will be performed by the coroner. The authorities found the house rifled and the dead woman's body lying on the floor, her eyes dilated as if from the effects of poison, the doctors declare. Her jewelry was gone and her strong box emptied.

## Bullet Wound In Head.

Urbana, O., March 6.—Lying in a pool of his own blood, John S. Palmer, one of the owners of the Brune elevator at Mechanicsburg, was found dead in his room at the Anderson inn in that village. He shot himself through the temple with a revolver, which was lying by his side. The unfortunate man went to Mechanicsburg three weeks ago from Shreve, O., where he has a wife and three children living.

## May Succeed Corey.

Youngstown, O., March 6.—A message to steel men here says that W. E. Corey, at the head of the United States Steel corporation, will retire on June 1. Alvin C. Dinkey, president of the Carnegie Steel company, is placed to succeed him, and Dinkey's place will go either to L. W. Jenks, manager of the steel hoop plants of the Carnegie company, or A. R. Hunt, general superintendent of Homestead plant.

## Frank Campbell.

East Liverpool, O., March 6.—Frank T. Campbell, formerly lieutenant governor of Iowa, ex-state senator and commissioner of railways and veteran editor, is at the point of death at the home of his brother at Lisbon, O. He is a brother of Postmaster Campbell of Lisbon and of Postmaster J. Q. A. Campbell of Bellefontaine, O.

## Poisoned Cheese.

Delaware, O., March 6.—Two families came near being wiped out here by poisoned cheese. For several hours the members of Frank Plickbaum's and John Locker's households lay at death's door after eating troytoxicom, a poisonous compound which forms in milk. None of the 10 people will die, but all are seriously ill.

## Findlay Man Found Dead.

Pittsburgh, March 6.—Rudolph M. Enz, 25, of Findlay, O., was found dead in his boarding house from taking carbolic acid with suicidal intent. A letter from his sister telling him to "be good" and 29 cents were found on the body. It is thought Enz killed himself because of his failure to get employment.

## Bitten by Drunken Man.

Springfield, O., March 6.—Frank Lewis, a traction conductor, lost his right hand as the result of a drunken man biting him several weeks ago. Lewis attempted to put the man off his car and he sank his teeth in the fleshy part of his hand, blood poisoning resulting. The hand was amputated.

## Natural Gas Explosion.

Toledo, O., March 6.—A natural gas explosion wrecked the residence of George Turner, at Genoa, and Mrs. Turner was so badly burned that it is doubtful if she recovers. The explosion blew the entire end of the dining room out and broke nearly all the windows in the building.

## Verdict in Pausch Inquest.

Upper Sandusky, O., March 6.—Coroner Rauth rendered a verdict of murder in the inquiry into the cause of death of the Widow Pausch, but added: "The inquest failed to reveal sufficient evidence to warrant my causing any one's arrest at present."

## Colored Miner Killed.

Pomeroy, O., March 6.—Thomas Goodwin, a colored strike-breaker from Columbus, was killed while at work in the Charter Oak mine. A shot fired by another miner in an adjoining room blew through, and Goodwin was buried beneath tons of coal.

## Trainmen Scalded.

Connellsville, Pa., March 5.—Two trainmen were fatally scalded by the bursting of the crown sheet in the boiler of an engine on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad. The bodies of the men were literally cooked by the escaping steam. The accident occurred in the mountains near Stewarton, while the train was moving, but it was not wrecked.

## Blasting Powder Blew Up.

Kansas City, March 5.—Twenty cases of blasting powder exploded at a grading camp in the outskirts of Kansas City, Kan., on the Belt line railway, with such force that it broke window panes within a radius of 25 miles. But one person, a woman, was injured. She was not fatally hurt.

## Fought to a Draw.

Rochester, N. Y., March 5.—Hugo Kelly and Tommy Ryan fought six rounds here to a draw. Kelly had the advantage of the first two rounds, but Ryan forced the fighting in the four succeeding rounds.

## ITCHING SKIN DISEASES CAN BE CURED +ZEMO+

a powerful non-poisonous liquid anti-septic for external use, has proved by its many cures to be "The world's greatest cure for all diseases of the skin and scalp." Don't suffer when a cure is so near at hand.

BROOKFIELD, Mo., May 20th, 1905.  
St. Louis, Mo.  
Gentlemen—I suffered ten years with the most distressing case of eczema. For several months I could not wash my hands nor face, my case was pronounced incurable. Nine bottles of ZEMO has entirely cured me and I am pleased to tell all sufferers to use ZEMO if you want to get rid of eczema.  
Yours respectfully,  
W. F. TUBBS.

\$1.00—Leading Druggists or by Express  
PREPARED ONLY BY  
E. W. ROSE MEDICINE CO.  
3032 Olive Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.  
Guaranteed and Sold By

## BORT & COMPANY

## Semi-Annual Statement of Rempel Bank.

Sworn statement made of the condition of Rempel Banking Co., to the state auditor, on February 28, 1907.

ASSETS.	
Loans on Real Estate	41,154 14
All Other Loans and Discounts	72,519 67
Overdrafts	104 98
U. S. Bonds	4,511 25
Other Bonds and Mortgages	1,000 00
Due from other Banks and Bankers	157,075 19
Cash Items	675 76
Gold Coins	1,000 00
Silver Coins	2,750 00
National Bank and U. S. Currency	35,586 00
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>332,970 98</b>

LIABILITIES.	
Surplus	17,498 04
Undivided Profits	1,000 00
Individual Deposits	315,500 97
Due to Banks and Bankers	1,073 56
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>332,970 98</b>

I, Jno. R. Rempel, Cashier of Rempel Banking Co., do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. R. REMPEL, Cashier.

STATE OF OHIO, }  
County of Hocking, }  
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 1st day of March 1907.

EUGENE WRIGHT, Notary Public.

## Probate Notice

Notice is hereby given that the following Accounts and Vouchers have been filed in the Probate Court of Hocking County, Ohio, for partial settlement, John C. Henderson, Guardian of Albert R. Lee, an infirm, and the same will come on for hearing on the 25th day of March A. D. 1907 at 10 o'clock a. m. or as soon thereafter as may be convenient.

F. P. MARTIN, Probate Judge.

March 7-3-w

## Probate Notice

Notice is hereby given that the following Accounts and Vouchers have been filed in the Probate Court of Hocking County, Ohio, for partial settlement, John C. Henderson, Guardian of George W. Lee and Melissa J. Lee, his minor wards, and the same will come on for hearing on the 25th day of March A. D. 1907 at 10 o'clock a. m. or as soon thereafter as may be convenient.

F. P. MARTIN, Probate Judge.

March 7-3-w

## Notice to Bankers.

At a meeting of the township trustees of Marion township Saturday, March 2, it was decided to ask for bids, from the bank in Hocking county, for handling the Marion township money for the ensuing year. The law requires all money in the hands of the township trustees to be deposited in some bank in the county at interest of not less than 2%. Address:

A. P. HEFT, Clerk.

Route 2, Logan, O.

March 7-3-w

## Probate Notice

Notice is hereby given that the following Accounts and Vouchers have been filed in the Probate Court of Hocking County, Ohio, for final settlement, John C. Henderson, Administrator of Jesse Lindsey, deceased, and the same will come on for hearing on the 22nd day of March A. D. 1907 at 10 o'clock a. m. or as soon thereafter as may be convenient.

F. P. MARTIN, Probate Judge.

Feb. 28-3-w

## Probate Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the following Accounts and Vouchers have been filed in the Probate Court of Hocking County, Ohio, for final settlement, John C. Henderson, Administrator of Jesse Lindsey, deceased, and the same will come on for hearing on the 22nd day of March A. D. 1907 at 10 o'clock a. m. or as soon thereafter as may be convenient.

F. P. MARTIN, Probate Judge.

Feb. 28-3-w

## HOCKING VALLEY BULLETIN.

## Excursions

Sunday, March 10th

Columbus and return \$1.25

Train leaves at 7 a. m.

Pomeroy and return \$1.25

Train leaves at 8:20 a. m.

Jackson and return \$1.00

Train leaves at 8:20.

## WEST

Colonist one way rate West March and April 1907

## Homeseekers

Round trip Homeseekers twice per month.

Tourists rate to the South.

C. W. SCHWENKE, Agt